GOING TO WIN. Now, Mr. President and gentlemen, this ticket of ours cannot be abandoned. It is going to win. The party to which I belong and men of the other party altered this Constitution of ours so that we could seet this Mayor when no National question and no great State question was pending, and it was all nixed for us and made for us, and the people of the whole State said to us New-Yorkers in 1897: "Bleavyour own Mayor. Don't look to the political parties, but elect your own man without regard to either politics or parties;" and, gentlemen, we are

ties, but elect your own man without regard to either politics or parties;" and, gentlemen, we are going to do it.

I am glad. Mr. President, that this contest has come on, because this great office is fixed, the term of it is fixed for four years, so that the next election will come in an off year again when no National question and no great State question will intervene. I believe in organization and in machinery. They are a great thing in State politics and in National politics, and we want something of the kind in city politics. We are the gainer whether we win the fight now or lose it, because we have here an organization, not Democratic or Republican, but an organization of citizens. We are in this fight to win, but if we lose we lose only until we are stronger. But, gentlemen, we need to work eltogether, and if we work altogether we can do it. I don't know how we will work: each will work in his own party, and let it be understood that this not a State election or a National election, but that the people of this great city are determined that they will be governed for the next four years by freemen.

**Treeth W. Mack a member of the Board of

Jacob W. Mack, a member of the Board of Education, seconded the nominations, and declared that there could be no doubt of the election of the Citizens Union ticket. The committee then voted unanimously to nominate Mr. Fairchild and Mr. Schumann.

REMARKS BY GENERAL SWAYNE. General Swayne rose and placed in nomination the other candidates on the ticket, reading their names from the report of the Execu-

tive Committee. He said in part:

ling their names from the report.

Before proceeding with this motion, gentlemen, I hope you will bear with me for a moment your kind indulgence to most heartily thank you for having unenimously adopted a motion approving and indorsing the administration of Mayor Strong's administration we should be grateful to him for his having been our Mayor. It has devolved upon me to voice your most grateful approval of that administration. If you want to know the right way to look at that administration, remember what it was he undertook. He succeeded Tammany Hall with the Strong administration, he replaced Tammany Hall with the Strong administration, he replaced Tammany Hall with thonesty. (Applause.)

And now, Mr. Chairman, any comment upon the individual characteristies of these gentlemen would be superfluous. But there is one aspect in regard to these nominations upon which I may address you. It is this Not being myself a member of the Executive Committee, and no one of these individuals who have been nominated having been suggested by me, and being a partisan of none of them. I am well able and glad to bear personal testimony to the pains taken and the wide range of the inquiries which the Executive Committee employed hefere presenting these nominations to this body. (Cheers, I I have a personal knowledge of their repeated and prolonged consultation with the Brooklyn Committee of Flity, with the representatives of the Shepard Democracy of Brooklyn, and with others who cam'e with any reasonable proposition for them to consider.

SOME PICTURES PRESENTED ey emphasis upon this fact because of the

and slanderous suggestions which have been spread that the Citizens Union has been un-willing to confer with anybody. Whenever I have read in the newspapers repreaches upon the Cititens Union for not conferring with the community it large, or with who ver in the community might lesife to confer with who ver in the community might lesife to confer with the Citizens Vinion. I have midewored to picture in my ewn mind the distinguished leader of that organization which masquerind applause.) I have also endeavored to picture the distinguished leaders of that organization which made the distinguished leaders of that organization who have been engaged in conference among their own following senerally, in order to find out what the mind of that following might be. (Renewed aughter) I have endeavored to picture these hings in my mind, and funny as it seems to you has picture is not far to see. I have only to granck to that drama, or operatic niece of "Rob Roy," which was presented in this city some time and agreed upon this thing," he says and then he replies: "No matter, I have made up our mind." (Lunghter).

At the big convention which was held in Carnegic Hall there were under the surface many seething questions of controversy, but whenever any of these confiroversies came to the front a diminutive looking gentleman got up and coast a block of 191 votes, with the remark: "I have made up our mind." (Lunghter) and appliance.)

And that is the organization which reprocedes our committee and you and me with an unwillingness.

John H. C. Nevius seconded the remaining nominations, which were also made unani-

A GOOD WORD FOR WARING.

E. R. L. Gould offered a resolution "that the Waring has administered the Department of Street Cleaning, and that it hereby presents its thanks to Colonel Waring for affording so conspicuous an example of the practicable success of non-partisan administration."

Joseph Laroque seconded the resolution, and it was passed with applause. Then the committee adjourned. tion of the effective manner in which Colonel

CHARLES S. FAIRCHILD

Charles Steebins Fairchild was born in Cazenovic N. Y., in April, 1842, being the son of Sidney T. Fair child, who was a well-known lawyer. From his father Mr. Fairchild inherited a large estate. He was graduated from Harvard in 15% and from the Hervard Law School two years later. He was admitted to the bay in Albany, and became a member of the law firm of Hand, Hale and Swartz, in



CHARLES S. FAIRCHILD. Chizens Union Candidate for Controller.

that city. In 188 he was appointed Deputy Attorney-General of the State, and in the following year he was elected Attorney-General as a Democrat. In 189 he established a law office in this city.

Soon after Grover Cleveland became President of the United States, in 1895. Mr. Fairchild was appointed Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and he was Secretary of the Treasury from April, 1887, to the end of Mr. Cleveland's first term. He is president of the New-York Security and Trust Company, at No. 45 Wall-st. and lives at No. 75 Clinton Place. He is a member of the Metropolitan Club, the University Club, the Lawyers Club, the Bar Association, the Century Club, the Manhattan Club, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the American Geographical Society and several other associations.

AUSTEN G. FOX.

Austen G. Fox is a well-known lawyer of this with an office at No. 45 Wall-st., and lives at m Harvard in 1809, and was admitted to the bar rom Harvard in 1820, and was admitted to the lar bout two years later. He has never been an office-older, but he was associated with the late Daniel 6. Rollins as special counsel appointed by the late District-Attorney Fellows to prosecute police of-cials who were indicted on the evidence laid be-ore the Lexow Committee. He is a member of the lar Association, the Lawyers Club, the Harvard lub, the University Club, the Players, the entury Club, the Down Town Association, the Zeta at Club, the Metropolitan Museumsof Art and the merican Geographical Society.

CYRUS J. STRONG.

Cyrus J. Strong, one of the candidates for Cor-oner, was born in Flushing, L. L., March 3, 1862. He was fitted for Wesleyan College in 1886, and his degree as Master of Arts there in 1889. udied medicine at Columbia, obtaining his degree in 1800. He has worked in the Chambers Street, Recevelt, Presbyterian, Vanderbilt Clinic and Bellesue bespitals. At Believue he was regularly appointed intern, and received his diploma for two years service to 1802. Since January, 1894, he has san attending physician, as he now is, of the Believue Gut Fatient Department. After one year as assistant in general medicine and lecturer at the Post denduate Hospital, he resigned. He has taught classes at Believue for two years and was assistant in the heart and lung department of the Throat and less inspiral. Mr. Strong is a member of the samular Republican organization of the XIXIA Assistant District. He is a member of the Society of 1800. He has worked in the Chambers Street,

Cashmere Bouquet

TOILET SOAP and PERFUME.

the Alumni at Believue Hospital, the Medical So-clety of the County of New York, New York State Medical Association, American Medical Associa-tion, the West End Medical Society and the New York Medico-Surgical Society. He is medical ex-aminer for nine insurance companies.

ROBERT J. HOGUET. Robert J. Hoguet, candidate for President of Manhattan, is of French and Irish descent, and was born in New-York in 1839. Until about 1862 he was connected with the firm of Wilmerding, Hoguet was connected with the firm of Wilmerding. Hoguet & Humbert, and from that time on was a partner in the drygoods auction firm of Wilmerding. Hoguet & Co., until its dissolution in 1830. Since then he has been engaged in managing his real estate and other private matters. Mr. Hoguet is now senior director of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank and vice-president of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank. He is a director of the New-York Catholic Protectory, a charter member of the Catholic Club and a member of the Merchants' Central Club.

JOHN, B. SCHUMANN.

John B. Schumann, the candidate for president of the Municipal Council, is one of the best-known and most prominent Germans of Brocklyn. He is an active member of the Manufacturers' Association of Kings and Queens countles, and has served for some time as chairman of the Transportation



JOHN H. SCHUMANN. Citizens Union candidate for President of the Municipal Council.

Committee of that organization. Mr. Schumann Committee of that organization. Mr. Schumann lives in the Eastern District. He is a manufacturer of varnish, being a member of Moller & Schumann. He was been in Germany, but he has lived in Brooklyn since boyhood. In politics Mr. Schumann is a Republican, and he was a delegate to the city Convention that nominated General Tracy for Mayor. He is interested in several financial institutions, and is a trustee of the Germania Savings Bank and of the Manufacturers Trust Company. Mr. Schumann is a member of the Hanover Chib. Under Mayor Low Mr. Schumann was a civil Service Commissioner. It is declared that he voted for Cleveland in 1881.

BENJAMIN E. HALL.



BENJAMIN E. HALL. Citizens Union Candidate for County Clerk.

a Supreme Court Justice. In 1894 Mr. Hall was supported by the Republicans, Good Government Club A and the O'Brien (anti-Tamman;) Demo-Club A and the O'Brien ouns-Tummany) Democrats as candidate for Alderman in the eld NNIst
District, receiving the plurality of 3.12 votes over
a strong Tammany candidate who was seeking reciection as Alderman. He has been active in the
work of the Eoord of Aldermen, was appained on
more committees than any other member of the
Beard, and has been consulcuous by reason of his
efforts to obtain for the city proper compensation
from the street railways and liberal transfer privileges. He introduced and pushed to passage the
resolution which resulted fin a complete and intelligent ravision of the city ordinances, as recently
published. There had been no revision of the
ordinances for sixteen years, and, up to the time
of Mr. Hall's resolution, great confusion prevailed
in efforts to ascertain what ordinances were in
force. He has made a special study of municipal
law and government, by which he has been able
to check many illegal and wasteful grants of franchises. Mr. Hall is a member of the Society of
Colonial Wars, the Sons of the Revolution, the
Sortety of Medical Jurisprudence, the Republican
Club and the Delta Kappa Epsilon Club.

EDWARD F. MEWEENEY.

Edward F. McSweeney, who is at present Deputy Commissioner of Immigration at the Port of New-York, was born in the town of Mariborough, Mass., on April 12, 1864. He attended the public schools there until twelve years old, when he entered



EDWARD F. M'SWEENEY.

a shoe shop. While working at this trans a second when the was chosen President of the local erganization of the Lasters' Protective Union of America. He made dimrelf so valuable in that position that in two years he was elected general President of the National organization and editor of its trade paper. Later, he went into the insurance business in Mariborough, where he remained until

July, 1883, when he was appointed to his present place by President Cleveland, to whom he had be-come known, both personally and as an able writer on economic and labor questions. The only public offices he had held before was that of Auditor and First Assessor of Mariborough, when that town

was made a city.

Mr. McSweeney was Secretary of the Commission which, under Secetary Carlisle's orders, prepared the exhaustive special report on the workings of the Immigration laws. This attracted wide attention. The report contained many recommendations for changes in the present laws. Mr. McSweeney is married and has three children.

JUSTICE CHARLES H. VAN BRUNT. Charles H. Van Brunt was born at Bay Ridge Long Island, in 182. He comes of Dutch ancestry He was graduated from the University of the City New-York in 1856, studied law in the office of Judge Leonard and Governor Hoffman, and was admitted to the bar in 1860. He became a partner in the firm after serving as confidential clerk. He was once counsel to the City Chamber-lair. In 1869 he was appointed Judge of the Court of inin. In 1869 he was appointed Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and in 1870 he was elected to succeed himselt in that capacity for a term of fourteen years. In 1883 he was elected to the Supreme Court, where he is now the presiding Justice of the Appellate Division for the First Judicial District created by the Constitution of 1891. He is a member of the Manhattan and Lotos chubs and the St. Nicholas Society, and is one of the council of the New-York University. His work on the bench has been conspicuous for promptitude, energy, industry and extraordinary facility in the dispatch of business.

JUSTICE GEORGE P. ANDREWS.

George P. Andrews, Justice of the Supreme Court of New-York, comes of old New-England stock. and was born at North Bridgeton, Me., September 29, 1835. After attending a common school and Easthampton, Mass., and then to Dudley's Institute. Northampton, in the same State. He was graduated from Yale in 1858, having been elected eraduated from Tale in Inc., in the class orator. Mr. Andrews then studied law at Portland, Me., in the office of United States Senator Fessenden, afterward Secretary of State. Coming to this city, he entered the office of Henry P. Fessenden, a cousin of the Senator, and two years later was admitted to the bar. Since he has made this city his home.

Under President Buchanan Mr. Andrews was

Under President Buehanan Mr. Andrews was appointed Assistant District-Attorney for the Southern District of New-York. In that office he served for six years under four chiefs. One of these, a Republican E. Delafield Smith, placed such value on Mr. Andrews's services that he absolutely refused to entertain the application of a Republican delegation which demanded the removal of the assistant as a Democrat.

From 1872 to 1882 Mr. Andrews was Assistant Counsel to the Corporation of New-York City. For the next two years he was Corporation Counsel, distinguishing himself especially by compelling the payment of taxes by banks, railroads, telegraph, and insurance companies and other corporations. It is estimated that in this way he obtained from E.000,000 to \$1,00,000 for the city, and in the defeat of fictitious and fraudulent claims many millions more.

In November, 1883, he was elected Justice of the Supreme Court for the First Judicial District, and has ably occupied that position since.

RICHARD H. ADAMS.

Richard H. Adams, candidate for Register, was born in Russia, and came to this country at an early age. He was a merchant in Broadway many years, and retired from active business about two



RICHARD H ADAMS, Timens Union Candidate for Register.

years ngo. He has had an effice since then at No. 157 Broadway. He is an ex-president of the Liederkrang and is popular among German-Amer-icans.

JOSEPH FETTRETCH.

Joseph Fettretch candidate for City Court Jus was born at Porth Amboy, N. J., June 12, tice, was born at Perth Amboy, N. J. June 13, 1812. He is of frish descent. After passing through the public schools of this city and Professor Redfield's High School, he studied law with Albert Mathews, and was graduated from Columbia College Law School in May, 1834. He was admitted to the bar two years later, and has since tractical in this city. He was at one time a school trustee in the Nineteenth Ward of this city, and has been prominent in various church and benevolent enterprises.

WILLIAM H. TERRY

William H. Terry, a candidate for Coroner, is a printer and a member of Typographical Union No. 5. He lives in the XXXIIId Assembly District.

ALFRED E. THAYER.

Alfred E. Thayer was graduated in 1884 from the College of Physicians and Surgeons. He is assistant to Dr. Tracy, of the Health Department's Board of Statistics.

S. STANWOOD MENKEN.

S. STANWOOD MENKEN.

S. Stanwood Menken, who is a nominee for City Court Justiceship, is a lawyer of this city, and is under thirty years of age. He was prominent in the movement to secure for the city a new Hall of Records. He was born in this city, and he attended the public schools and the City College before he went to Cornell University, from which he was graduated in 1890. He was graduated later from the Columbin Law School, taking a prize for an essay on The Law of Trusts in New-York State." He is identified with several charities, and he is a member of the Reform Harmonic, Knickerhocker, Athletic, Chi Phi and Cornell clubs.

DR LEVI F WARREN.

Dr. Leel Frank Warren is a graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons. He is a member of the New-York Civil Service Board, havin; obtained the highest percentage in a competitive examination for the office of examiner of physi-

CHEERS FOR LOW IN RICHMOND. ANNOUNCEMENT THAT HE WILL SPEAK IN THE POPOUGH APPLAUDED WILDLY.

The County Committee of the Citizens Union of the Borough of Richmond met at their headquarters in St. George last night for the purpose of acting on the nominations, so far as announced.

It was the first meeting held in the new headquarters, near the Staten Island ferry station, at St. George, remodelled from the former counting room of the First National Bank of Staten Island The meeting was well attended, with not a vacant

seat in the house.

The nominations of Messrs, Fairchild and Schuh-The nominations of Messrs. Fairchild and Schuhmann for Controller and President of the Council were approved without a dissenting voice.

Russell Bleeker, the chairman, then aroused great enthusiasm by his announcement that Mr. Low had consented to make two campaign speeches on the island—one on the south shore and the other on the north shore. The treasurer reported a deficit in the Union's funds, but this was immediately wiped out by contributions from committee members, and action was taken to secure ample campaign funds within a few days.

The committee aljourned early in the evening, so that the Conference Committee of five might mee with similar conference committees of the Republican and National Democratic parties in the borough to agree upon some fusion facket for the borough nominations. Messrs, Bleeker, Jamesen, Daveiport, Ingalis and McKee, the members of this Conference Committee, were simply instructed to insist on the selection of honest and capable men from both parties and to report back to the County Committee at a special meeting to be held to-night.

THE MAYOR HASN'T DECIDED. Mayor Strong said yesterday that he had not yet accepted the invitation to preside at the Citi-zons Union ratification meeting at Cooper Union to-morrow evening, and could not say whether he would do so or not.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS FILED.

The Republican party yesterday morning filed the following nominations at the Bureau of Elections: For Mayor, Benjamin F. Tracy; for Controller, Ashbel P. Fitch; for President of the Coun-cil, E. Ross Appleton; for Coroners of the Borouga of Manhattan, Theodore K. Tuthill, Gustav Sholer, George W. Kram and Moses J. Jackson.

POPULIST CONVENTION A FAILURE. Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 4.-The Anti-Fusion Populist State Convention this afternoon was almost a fail-ure. Bohanan's Hall was advertised as the place of meeting, but the convention was held in a private office, the purpose being, so it was anto fusion who might attempt to gain control, as was done last year. After ascertaining the almost total absence of delegates from outside of this county, it was voted to postpone the State Convention, which means its abandonment. Local delegates then organized as a county convention and selected a ticket.

Dr. Lyon's **Tooth Powder**

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY. Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

FILING TRACY'S NOMINATION. TO MAKE ASSURANCE DOUBLY SURE, AN ATTEMPT

IS BEING MADE TO RECORD IT AT ALBANY. Albany, Oct. 4.-The Republican organization of Greater New-York is taking no chances of having any question raised as to the validity of the candi-dacy of General Benjamin F. Tracy and his colleagues on the city ticket. The General Election law provides that certificates of nomination of candi-dates for State offices or for any office of any divi-sion or district of the State greater than a county shall be filed with the Secretary of State not less than thirty, or more than forty days before election, and application has been made to the Secretary of State to have that officer place on file the certifi-cates of nomination of General Tracy and his run-

ming mates.

Mr. Palmer, however, has not as yet filed the certificates, because there is a question in his mind as to whether it is necessary or right for him to do so, in view of a provision in Chapter 281 of the Laws of 1897, which provides that certificates of nomination of candidates for a city office to be voted for at the general election of 1857 in the city of New-York or any part thereof, as constituted by the Greater New-

any part thereof, as constituted by the Creatic Section York Charter, shall be filed as follows:

Certificates of nomination of candidates to be voted for by all the electors within the territory of the city of New-York, constituted as aforesaid, shall be filed with the Board of Police Commissioners of the city of New-York. Sald Board shall forthwith file a certified copy of each such certificate with the Board of Elections of the city of Brooklyn and with the County Clerk of the counties of Richmond and Queens, respectively. Certificates of nomination of candidates to be voted for by only the electors or a portion of the electors of the county of New-York shall be filed with the Board of Police Commissionation of candidates to be voted for by only the electors or a portion of the electors of Kings County shall be filed with the Board of Elections of the city of Brooklyn. Certificates of nomination of candidates to be voted for by only the electors or a portion of the electors of the city of Brooklyn. Certificates of nomination of candidates to be voted for by only the elections of the city of Brooklyn. Certificates of nomination of candidates to be voted for by only the clectors or a portion of the electors of the county of Queens shall be filed with the Clerk of each county respectively.

Secretary Palmer will make known his decision on the question in a couple of days. York Charter, shall be filed as follows:

the question in a couple of days.

ALTGELD ON LOCAL ISSUES. A LETTER TO THE CHAIRMAN OF THE DEMO-CRATIC ALLIANCE'S CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

A letter was written recently by Moses Oppenheimer, chairman of the conference committee of the Democratic Alliance of New-York City, to ex-Governor Altgeld of Illinois, explaining the local political situation in this city from his point of view. A response was received by Mr. Oppenelmer from ex-Governor Altgeld.

Mr. Oppenheimer, in his letter, says that he does not want Mr. Altgeld to be misled and that the Democratic Alliance feared that Tammany might sreak away in the local campaign from the Demoeratic party of the Nation and its platform. He attacks William C. Whitney, Roswell P. Flower and John D. Crimmins as representatives of corporate interests and traitors to the Democratic party, and says that they are trying to influence he regular Democratic leaders and sidetrack the Mr. Oppenheimer says, among other things

While we realize that the financial issue has direct bearing in a municipal contest, and do ish to inject it prominently into the cam-because we sincerely believe that it would have a weakening effect and endanger the success of the ticket, we do insist that the party here must not detach itself from the Democratic party of the Nation and its platform. We further insist that the bolters and iraitors of last fall must not be welcomed back to positions of honor and leaf-ership. We hold that the principles of the platorm, as far as they apply to local conditions, must applied without equivocation or trickery." ollowing is a copy of the reply received from

Answering your communication of the 25th inst. would say that the newspaper reports so indus-riously and incessantly circulated regarding a onference between Senator Jones, Governor Stone on English and other Democrats are absolutely also. There was no foundation for them whatever, I personally know that every one of the green numerics, if anything, more earnest for the upport of the platform of 195 than he was a year

themen named is, if anything, more earnest for the support of the platform of 1986 than he was a year of the platform of 1986 than he was a year of the platform of 1986 than he was a year of the platform of 1986 than he was a year of New-York (fily, and I have no desire to interfere in politics anywhere, but I will say that corruptionists, bribe-givers and mononolists are not Democrats, no matter what they call themselves. They are allicovered with the slime of 'Hannalasm' that go the election of that kind of a man to the Mayor ally of New-York ar the election of any man who would even in the slightest degree he subject to the greatest calamity that could be fill the great Democratic party. A political party in the great Democratic party at a political party in the great Democratic party. A political party in the great Democratic party at a political party in the great Democratic party. A political party in the great Democratic party were enunciated last year, both it is a curse to the country. The principles of the political party were enunciated last year, both important party were enunciated last year, both import

JUDGE VAN WYCK SERENELY CONFIDENT APPARENTLY NOT ALARMED BY OPPOSITION TO THE PROPOSED COUNTY TICKET.

Chief Justice Robert A. Van Wyck had many callers at his private office in City Court, Chambers, City Hall, yesterday. Many old friends and neigh-bors went to congratulate him on his nomination for Mayor and to proffer their support.

There were also a number of Tammany Hall statesmen in the throng. Some of them offered advice which the Judge was not disposed to accept. One of these suggested that nominations like "Tom" Grady for District-Attorney and "Jimmy" Keating for County Clerk by the Tam-County Convention next Thursday night would have a disastrous effect upon the city ticket, and would naturally impair the Judge's own hances of election. The nomination of Henry George was touched upon, and the visitor insinu-ated as delicately and diplomatically as possible



Devout priests frequently mortify their flesh and voluntarily force themselves to undergo great bodily hardships and deprivation. They are enabled to do this and escape serious injury to their health by reason of the purity of their lives and the fact that they deny themselves the pleasures of the table.

An ordinary man who lives in the ordinary way cannot long endure hardship, deprivation or overwork, unless he takes the right remedy to reinforce nature. The average man when he is in good health eats too much. When he gets a little out of sorts he pays no heed and keeps right on "making a hog of himself." In some instances he gets thin and emaciated. In others he gets grossly corpulent, and weighted down with flabby fat. In the first instance he is a candidate for dyspepsia and nervous prostration. In the second for kidney

the second for kidney trouble or heart failure. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery enables the average man to undergo a great deal of hardship, deprivation and overwork, in spite of the life he leads. It causes the food to be properly assimilated. It builds firm, healthy flesh, but does not make corpulent people more fat. It cures dyspepsia, nervous troubles, kidney disease and 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. It prevents weakness in any organ of the body.

"In August, 1895, I was taken down in bed with a burning and severe pains in my stomach and under my shoulders, and dizziness in my head," writes fra D. Herring, Esq., of Emporia, Volusia Co., Fla. "My bome plystician said my symptoms were like consumption. Nothing that I ate would digest, and I had great distress in my stomach. I wrote Dr. Pierce for advice, and took four bottles of his 'Golden Medical Discovery' and three of 'Picasam Pellets.' I am now able to do my work and eat many things that I could not touch before I took these medicines."

An inactive liver and constipated bowels are promptly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

that something ought to be done to prevent a Tam-many split at the polls, instead of inviting defeat by placing names upon the county ticket which would repel voters heretofore loyal to the organiza-tion.

by placing hames upon the loyal to the organization.

"You are unnecessarily alarmed," Judge Van Wyck replied. "The people are with us this year, and we have nothing to fear."

"I am afraid that you underestimate the danger that is confronting us," the other man said. "If I were you, Judge I would tell Mr. Croker without mineing words that if he goes ahead with the slate they say he is bound to nominate for county officers you will retire from the field forthwith and let him find some one else to bear the burden of his campaign."

The proposition, however, did not strike the Judge favorably. He was plainly not in a mood to criticise Mr. Croker's methods. Beyond shaking his head at the Tammany man's suggestion, Judge Van Wyck made no comment.

The Judge's friends all found him in a serene and confident mood yesterday. He believed that a sweeping Democratic victory would come on November 2, and that Mr. Croker's estimate of 75,000 to \$0,000 majority for the head of the ticket would be realized.

UNION FOR LOW.

COUNTY TICKET OF KINGS AGREED ON AT A CONFERENCE.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATS AND BROOKLYN'S COMMITTEE OF FIFTY SELECT A STRONG

The following county ticket was nominated in Brooklyn last night by the Committee of Fifty and the National Democrats:

President of the Borough of Brooklyn-FREDERICK W. HINRICHS, National Democrat. Register-Police Superintendent WILLIAM J. M'KEL-VEY, Republican.

Sheriff-Civil Justice JACOB NEU, Democrat. County Clerk-City Treasurer JOHN R. SUTTON, Republican,

County Treasurer-JACOB S. VAN WYCK, National Democrat.

Coroners Dr. H. F. WILLIAMS, Republican, and Dr GEORGE R. KUHN, National Democrat, This ticket was put together by leaders of the two bodies after a long series of conferences, and was unanimously ratified when presented by the con-ference committees. It is a ticket thoroughly representative of all the forces which favor the election of Seth Low, and will go on the ballot below the

names of Low, Fairchild and Schumann, Justice Neu enters the Low alliance from the ranks of the regular Democrats, and is expected to bring with im thousands of German Democratic votes. Mr. Sutton is a leading Worth Republican. His place on the ticket is considered a certain indication that Jacob Worth and most of his followers will desert Tracy and work for Low. Superin-tendent McKelvey is a stalwart Republican of great popularity. Hinrichs and Van Wyck are two of the strongest men in the National Democratic

party. At 8 o'clock the National Democrats met in Apollo Hall, in Court-st., for their County Convention, and the conference committee of the Committee of Fifty met in the Library Building. A plan had been agreed upon by which both bodies were to appoint committees to complete the county were to appoint committees to complete the county ticket, and submit it to their respective bodies. The names of Superintendent McKelvey, Justice Neu and Mr. Hinrichs were already decided upon, and the only question was as to the selection of the candidates for County Clerk, which was to be made by the Committee of Fifty, and for County Treasurer, to be made by the Democrats. There was no dispute about these places, but at 8 o'clock positive assurance had not been received that Sutton and Van Wyck would run.

Waiter C. Burton called the Democratic Convention to order, and Charles J. Patterson was made chairman and Robert H. Roy secretary. The roll-call showed a full attendance of delegates, including all the most prominent members of the party. Mr. Patterson, by way of enlightening the delegates on the situation and explaining many points in the to known only to the leaders, made a big speech, which was interrupted by applause when the names of Seth Low and Charles S. Fairchild were mentioned.

Arrangements were made at the Democratic Conceptions for Aldermanic, Assembly and Council

were mentioned.

Arrangements were made at the Democratic Conventions for Aldermanic, Assembly and Councie conventions, and it was said by one of the speakers that the Committee of Fifty would act with the Democrats in making these nominations and working for them in the campaign.

EX-MAYOR HEWITT'S OPINION.

THE CONTEST, HE THINKS, LIES BETWEEN LOW AND VAN WYCK.

London, Oct. 4.—Abram S. Hewitt, one of the organizers of the County Democracy in 1879, former Congressman, and Mayor of New-York during the years 1887 and 1888, has been interviewed on the political situation arising out of the campaign for the election of a Mayor of Greater New-York. Mr.,

"I am an old man and a back number; but if any message from me will have influence at this crisis, the greatest in the history of the city's government. I shall gladly send it. The only issue is

and by forcing them to pay for legislation, and that is what the success of Tammany Hall means. The contest, in my opinion, will be between Mr. Low and Judge Van Wyck.

Mr. Hewitt's attention having been called to the

Mr. Hewitt's attention having been called to the prediction of the correspondent of "The London Times." that the contest would lie between Mr. Low and Henry George, said:

"I do not think Mr. Smalley moves in a circle competent to judge of political conditions. Henry George represents Socialism. When he ran against me he proposed to have the streetcars carry workingmen free. But he did not explain who was to pay for the transportation. I cannot believe that he will poil more votes than before. Only the foreigners are Socialists. Americans expect to support their Government, and not to have the Government support them.

"When I ran for the Mayoralty on a Tammany ticket it was not because I was a Tammany man, but because it was necessary to beat Henry George. Many Republicans supported me, and I was elected by their votes. Afterward, when I ran as an independent, the Republicans kept a candidate in the field purposely to beat me. They succeeded, and they will beat Mr. Low if they keep General Tracy in the field.

"That is what Senator Platt intends to do, and

"That is what Senator Platt intends to do, and that is all he expects to do. I cannot understand how General Tracy can consent to be a cat's-paw to pull Platt's chestnuts out of the fire."

ANOTHER DEFEAT FOR WELLINGTON.

THE MARYLAND SENATOR UNABLE TO CONTROL HIS OWN COUNTY CONVENTION.

Cumberland, Md., Oct. 4 (Special).-Senator Wellington's downfall as a Republican leader in Maryland is complete. He was defeated to-day in his own county. The combination of Senator Weilington, Governor Lowndes and Judge Sloan, that has politically controlled Alleghany County and the entire Cumberlanad region for several years, was entire Cumberlanad region for several years, was completely annihilated in the county convention here to-day. It was another practical demonstration of the independent movement in the Republican party in Maryland. It started with the turning down of Wellington and the Baltimore City machine at the State Convention, and is extending throughout the State. Dr. C. H. Brace was chairman of the convention. David E. Dick was nominated for State Senator. The Governor and Senator Wellington said that they would support the ticket.

DEMOCRATS INDORSE JUDGE WILLIAMS. Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 4.—The Democratic convention for the Fifth Judicial District met this afternoon in this city. On motion of John E. Mc-Mahon, of Rome, Pardon C. Williams, Republican, was indorsed for Justice.

CONFIDENCE MEN ARRESTED.

Danbury, Conn., Oct. 4.—Charles Blake, alias "Kid" Miller, and Frank Smith, alias "Doc," two of the most notorious confidence men in the country, were arrested here to-night by New-York detec-

LOOKS LIKE STEADY WORK ALL WINTER. Reading, Penn., Oct. 4 (Special).-After idleness of some months, the rolling mill of S. R. Seyfert & Brother, at Seyfert's Station, started up full-handed to-day. It received a number of orders, and prospects for steady work all winter are bright. The works will run double turn. About 250 men have been set at work.

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QUIGG THINKS LOW WILL STICK.

AND HE BELIEVES THE FIGHT WILL BE BETWEEN TRACY AND GEORGE.

President Quigg, of the Republican County Committee, announced yesterday that a Republican ratification meeting will be held at Cooper Union on Friday evening, at which General Tracy will make his first campaign speech. Mr. Quigg added that ex-President Harrison was also expected to be present and speak. Mr. Quigg was not prepared to say who would preside or to give the names of other speakers.

not prepared to say who would preside or to give the names of other speakers.

"The Mail and Express" yesterday printed a statement to the effect that negotiations are still in progress for bringing about a union against Tammany, with Seth Low for Mayor and that "no denial of this will be valid unless it is made after to-morrow (Tuesday) night."

President Quigg had this to say about the statement last evening:
"Notwithstanding the statement that 'no denial will be valid unless made after to-morrow night.' I will humbly make a denial at this time. There never was the sligatest possibility of the acceptance of Seth Low as the Republican candidate. There is not now and there never will be. There is still a possibility of union, as there always has been, if Mr. Low will have the patriotism to withdraw himself from the situation. Just as soon as he gets ready to redeem his pledge not to be a candidate except under circumstances which he knows never existed, and which cannot now be brought about, union will be possible.

"I do not myself expect Mr. Low to retire. I think he is just the sort of man who would rather he wrong than laughed at. General Tracy is in the field to stay, and any story that he intends to get out for Mr. Low is a campaign falsehood—no matter what may be the source from which it comes. The fight in this campaign, if things go on as they are shaping now, will be a fight between General Tracy and Henry George."

OBJECTING TO THE GOLD DEMOCRATS. Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 4.-Chairman Dahlman of the Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 4.—Chairman Dahlman of the Democratic State Central Committee late this afternoon filled with the Secretary of State a protest against placing the National Democratic nominees on the official ballot at the coming election. The protest states that there is no such party in Nebraska as the National Democrats; that the law regarding the formation of a new party has not been compiled with, and hence, the objector asserts, the nominees are not entitled to a place on the ballot.

ATTACHING CREDITORS MAY SUFFER. Chicago, Oct. 4.-In the Federal Court of Appeals day, Judge Words handed down an opinion susto-day, Judge Wocds handed down an opinion sustaining the action of Judge Grosscup in appointing a receiver for the C. H. Fargo Shoe Company and setting aside the preferences of the United States Rubber Company, L. Candee & Co. and the Metropolitan National Bank. The Court also intimated that, on a full review of the case, it might declare that the attaching creditors, on account of their attempts to shut out other crediters, should share after the unattaching creditors have been satisfied in full. This can be better understood when it is shown that the three judgment creditors represent claims amounting to \$25,000, and outside creditors represent claims amounting to \$100,000, while the assets will only reach \$10,000.

MOST SICKNESS

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